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POSTAL RATE AND FEE CHANGES, 2001

Docket No. R2001-1

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JOHN T. PICKETT ON BEHALF OF THE **UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE**

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1 2	List of Library References
3	The following library references are associated with my testimony:
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5	1. USPS LR-J-36 SAS Programs Used in the Calculation of the CNET
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9	3. USPS LR-J-38 Calculation of Eagle, WNET, and CNET Premium
10	Factors
11	4. USPS LR-J-39 Calculation of Daynet and CNET Distribution Keys
12	5. USPS LR-J-40 Calculation of Alaska Air Adjustment
13	6. USPS LR-J-41 SAS Program Used in Calculation of Highway Cost
14	per Cubic Foot-Mile for Alaska Air Adjustment (Used in USPS LR-J-40)
15	7. USPS-LR-J-42 Calculation of Alaska Highway Costs
16	8. USPS LR-J-43 Calculation of Distance-related Transportation Costs
17	9. USPS LR-J-44 Calculation of Cost of Eagle and WNET Daytime
18	Operations
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Autobiographical Sketch

My name is John T. Pickett. I am an economist in the Cost Attribution office in the Finance department at Postal Service Headquarters. I have been employed as an economist, working mostly on rate case and policy matters, by the Postal Service since 1984. From 1984 to 1986 and from 1996 to the present, I have worked on transportation costing issues. In the interim, I worked on service performance measurement, rate levels, rate design, econometric demand analysis and volume forecasting.

Prior to joining the Postal Service, I was employed as a consulting economist by Charles River Associates, the firm of Kennan and Rohr, and Brown University Professor George Borts. I also taught economics and statistics to students at Brown University, Salve Regina College, and the Naval War College.

Prior to my appearance today, I testified six times before the Postal Rate Commission. In Docket No. C86-3, I testified on parcel post rate levels and transportation costs. In Docket No. R90-1, I testified on rebuttal on econometric demand analysis and forecasting issues. In Docket No. MC95-1, I presented the Postal Service's proposal to reclassify regular rate second-class mail. In Docket No. R97-1, I provided rebuttal testimony on transportation costing issues. In Docket No. R2000-1, I provided direct and rebuttal testimony on transportation costing issues.

I received a B.A. in economics from Boston University in 1977 and an M.A. in economics from Brown University in 1980. While at Brown, I completed all the requirements for a Ph.D. except the dissertation.

I. Purpose and Scope of Testimony

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The purpose of my testimony is to provide certain calculations related to transportation costs. There are five issues discussed in my testimony:

- 1. Calculation of network premium costs,
- 2. Calculation of Daynet-and-HASP and CNET distribution keys
- Calculation of the Alaska air adjustment factors,
 - 4. Calculation of distance-related transportation costs
- 5. Calculation of Eagle and WNET daytime costs.
- 10 6. Calculation of Alaskan Highway costs.

The programs and spreadsheets used to make these changes are described in detail in nine Library References, USPS-LR-J-36 through USPS-LR-J-44.

II. Calculation of Network Premium Costs

My testimony describes the mechanics of calculating network premium percentages for three hub and spoke air networks. The Eagle network is an overnight hub-and-spoke operation that links major markets through a hub facility in Indianapolis. The Western network is a similar, but much smaller, overnight operation that links major cities in the West. Both these networks operate year round. The Christmas network (CNET) is a daytime operation that operates for the two weeks prior to Christmas.

As in past cases, costs for these networks have been divided between a network premium cost and volume-variable non-premium costs. The premium is defined as the difference between the cost of the hub-and-spoke operation, and what it would cost to provide this service with passenger air transportation. As was the case in Dockets No. R97-1 and R2000-1, the premiums for the Eagle overnight and WNET overnight networks are treated as costs incremental to Express Mail. In the case of CNET, the premium costs are incremental to Priority Mail. Library Reference USPS-J-38 contains a spreadsheet that calculates the premium factors, which are used as inputs in the Cost Segment 14 B workpapers of Postal Service witness Meehan (USPS-T-11).

The Eagle and WNET premiums relate to the cost of the overnight operation. However, costs of certain daytime operations were charged to the Eagle and WNET cost accounts. These daytime costs must be removed from the Eagle and WNET cost pools before calculating the overnight premiums. This modification is described in Section VI below.

USPS Library References J-29 and J-31 contain the SAS code used to calculate the pounds and pound-miles for the Eagle and WNET premium calculations. The premium percentage calculations themselves are contained in an Excel spreadsheet in USPS Library Reference J-38. Source data and the necessary calculations of CNET pounds and pound-miles used in the premium calculations for the CNET can be found in USPS Library Reference J-36.

III. Calculation of Daynet-and-HASP and CNET Distribution Keys

The calculation of the CNET and Daynet-and-HASP distribution keys is essentially the same as in prior years. TRACS data by airclass and mailcode are extracted from TRACS expansion programs contained in USPS Library References J-29 and J-31. These data allow the development of pound-miles proportions by airclass and mailcode. The planned versus actual (PVA) file provides pound-miles by airclass for the CNET (see USPS-LR-J-36) and Daynet (see USPS-LR-J-37) operations. These weights are applied to the TRACS data to produce pound-mile based distribution keys for each network. See USPS-LR-J-39. These keys are used in the Cost Segment 14 B workpapers of witness Meehan (USPS-T-11) to distribute CNET and Daynet-and-HASP air costs.

IV. Alaska Air Adjustment Factor

The Postal Service attributes only a portion of non-preferential Alaska air costs using what has come to be known as the Alaska air adjustment factor. The factor is the ratio of the hypothetical costs of transporting mail in Alaska by highway divided by the actual cost incurred for non-preferential air service. The remaining Alaska non-preferential air costs are treated as institutional. The

- 1 Alaska adjustment factor uses the same basic methodology as in the last
- 2 omnibus case. In calculating the adjustment, the cost per cubic foot-mile by
- 3 highway contract type is used. The calculation of this input can be found in
- 4 USPS LR-J-41. The Alaska Adjustment factor is calculated in an Excel
- 5 spreadsheet in USPS LR-J-40. The factor is applied to test year non-preferential
- 6 Alaska air costs in workpapers of witness Patelunas (USPS-T-12).

V. Distance-related Transportation Costs

The rate designs for certain zone-rated products rely on drawing a distinction between distance- and non-distance-related transportation costs. The calculation of these costs follows the Commssion's methodology used in prior cases. The base year and test year calculations appear in an Excel spreadsheet in USPS Library Reference J-43. Test Year FedEx network costs are treated as non-distance related in light of the fact that there is no mileage component to the rates FedEx charges for transportation service.

VI. Calucaltion of Eagle and WNET Daytime Costs

Prior to 1998, the three Eagle and WNET contracts were used to provide an overnight hub-and-spoke network designed to meet Express Mail service commitments. Since that time, these contracts have been amended to provide daytime dedicated airlift, as part of Daynet and HASP operations.

In FY 1999, a substantial amount of Daynet and HASP expenses were attributed to accounts 53541, 53543, 53545, 53546, and 53547, which were traditionally used for overnight operations. Appropriate adjustments were made in the development of Cost Segment 14 costs for FY 1999. (See Docket No. R2000-1, Tr. 46C/21059-61.) In FY 2000, changes were made to accounting procedures to address this issue. Nevertheless, some additional adjustments are still needed. Therefore, I reviewed purchasing documents and developed an estimate of the Daynet and HASP expenses charged to the overnight accounts.

These daytime costs were removed from the Eagle and WNET overnight

accounts and placed in the Daynet-and-HASP cost pool. In the process, I also corrected a similar error that added to the CNET cost pool.

The estimates of re-allocated Daynet-and-Hasp (and CNET) costs are documented in USPS Library Reference J-44, and carried forward to sheet 14.2 in the B workpapers of witness Meehan (USPS-T-11). These adjustments were also made in the calculation of Eagle, WNET, and CNET premium factors in Library Reference J-38.

VII. Calculation of Alaskan Highway Costs

Costs of certain Alaskan highway contracts are removed from the Intra-BMC cost pool and placed in a separate cost pool. These costs are distributed based on the combined cost distribution of inter-BMC and freight rail. USPS Library Reference J-42 contains the source documents and the quarterly aggregation of costs that constitute the Alaskan highway cost pool used in the B workpapers of witness Meehan (USPS-T-11).